











Interim results for the six months ended 31 December 2009



"ARM's financial position continues to be robust with net debt to equity of 8.4%.

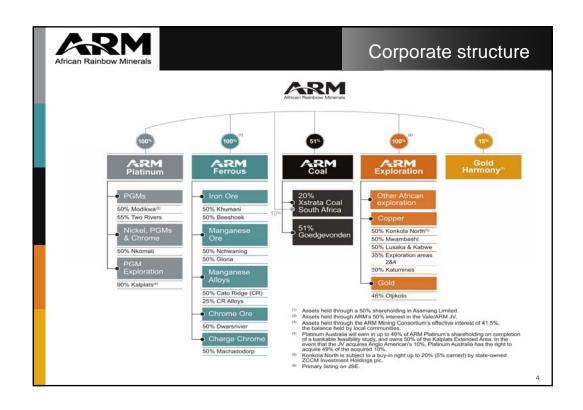
We are pleased about the significant increase in headline earnings compared to the preceding six months; as well as the increased sales volumes and reduced unit costs relative to the corresponding reporting period"

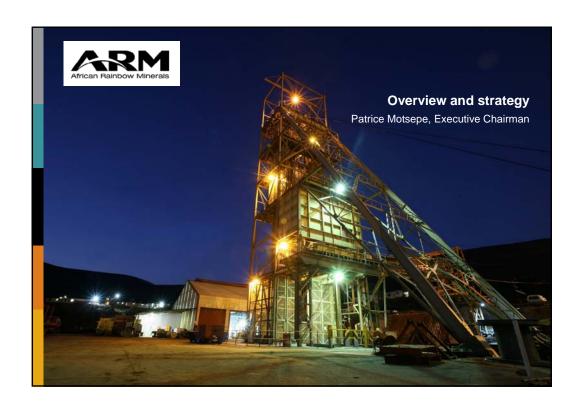
Patrice Motsepe
ARM Executive Chairman



## Disclaimer

Certain statements in this report constitute forward looking statements that are neither reported financial results nor other historical information. They include but are not limited to statements that are predictions of or indicate future earnings, savings, synergies, events, trends, plans or objectives. Such forward looking statements may or may not take into account and may or may not be affected by known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from the future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other important factors include among others: economic, business and political conditions in South Africa; decreases in the market price of commodities; hazards associated with underground and surface mining; labour disruptions; changes in government regulations, particularly environmental regulations; changes in exchange rates; currency devaluations; inflation and other macro-economic factors; and the impact of the AIDS crisis in South Africa. These forward looking statements speak only as of the date of publication of these pages. The Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or release any revisions to these forward looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of publication of these pages or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.







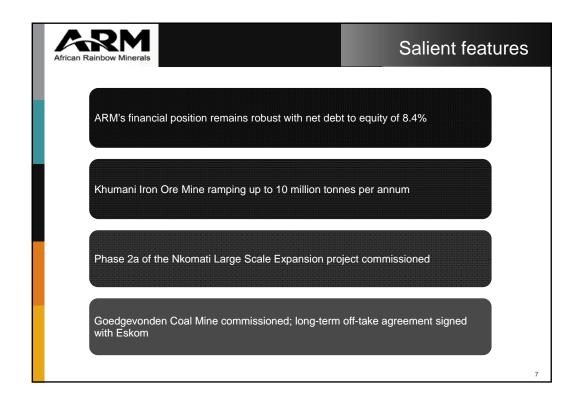
# Salient features

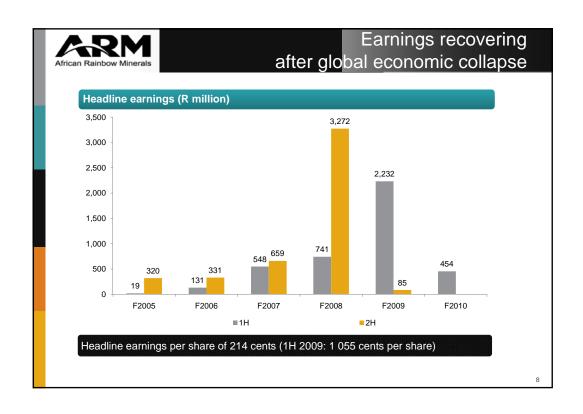
Headline earnings of R454 million reflect a decline of R1.78 billion relative to the corresponding period but reflect an increase of R369 million over the headline earnings of the preceding six months

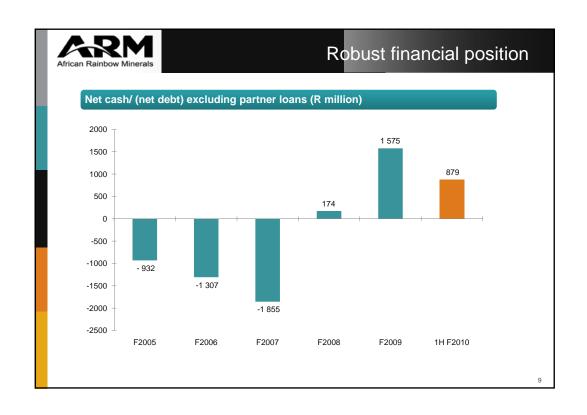
Significant decline in commodity prices and a strengthening of the Rand against the US Dollar negatively impacted earnings

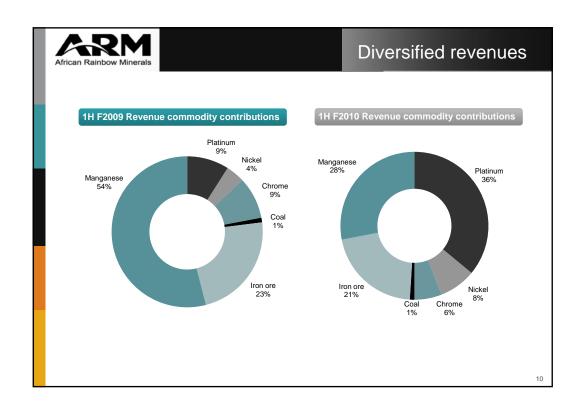
Increased sales volumes across platinum group metals, nickel, iron ore, manganese ore, chrome ore and alloys

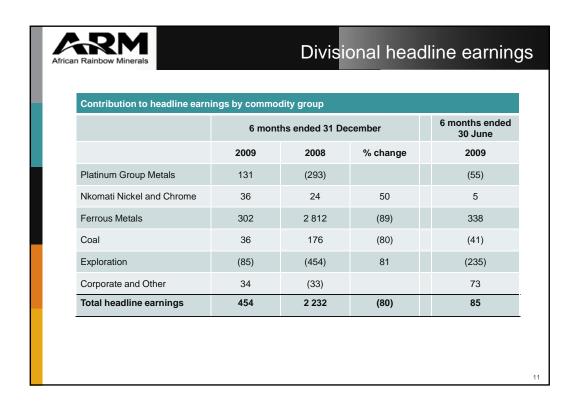
Decreased unit costs at platinum, nickel and iron ore operations

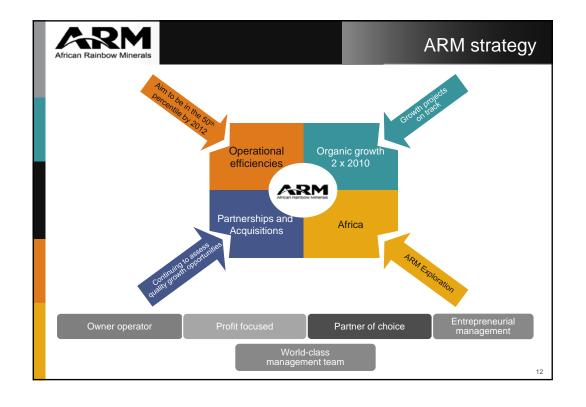


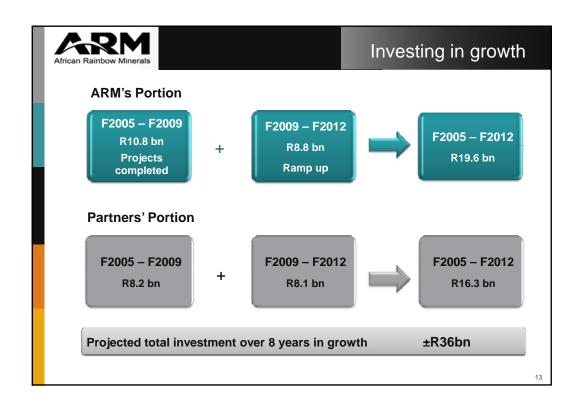


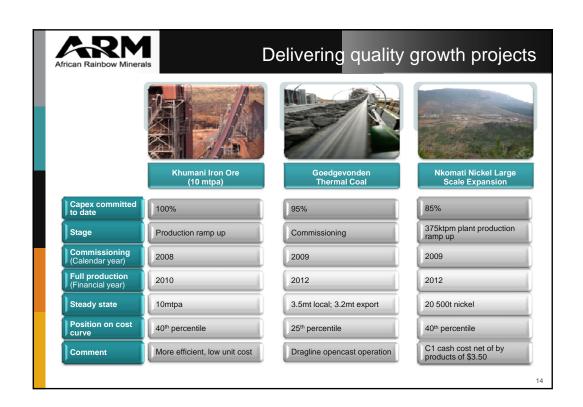


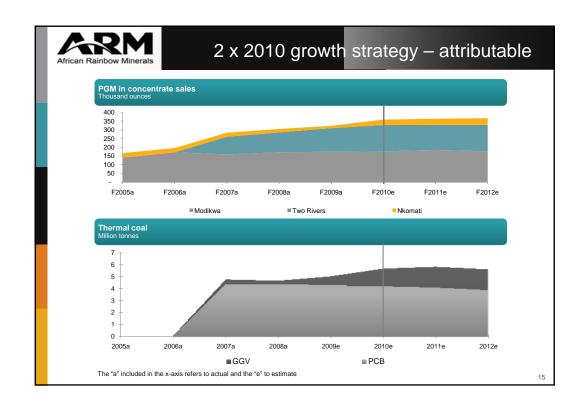


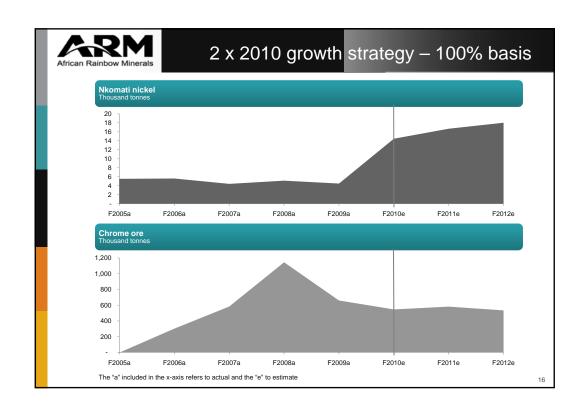


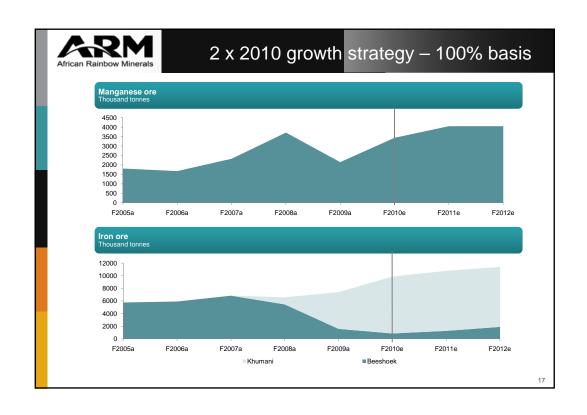


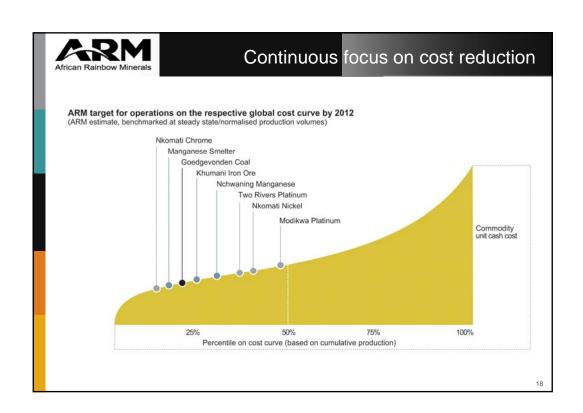


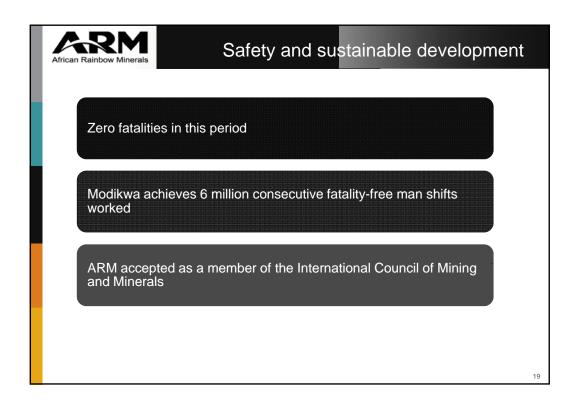


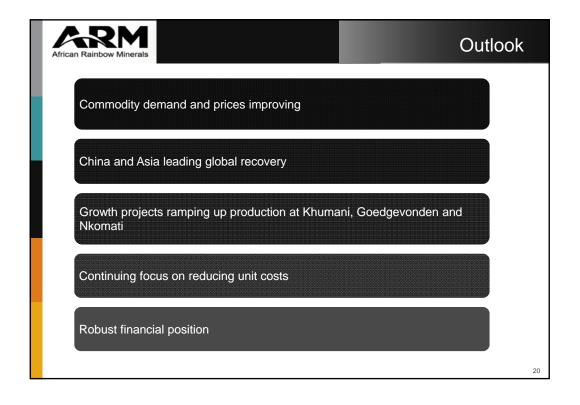


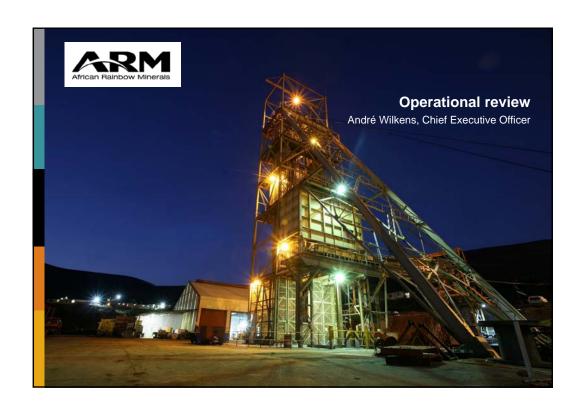


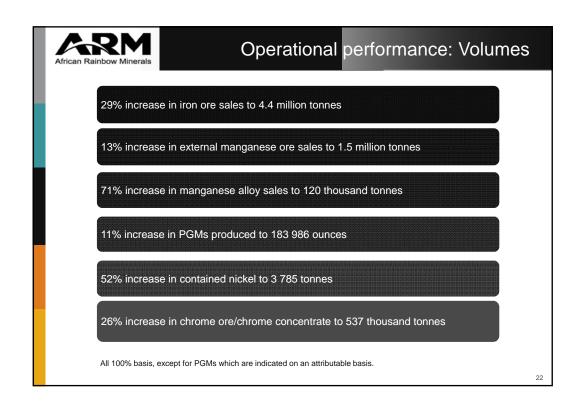


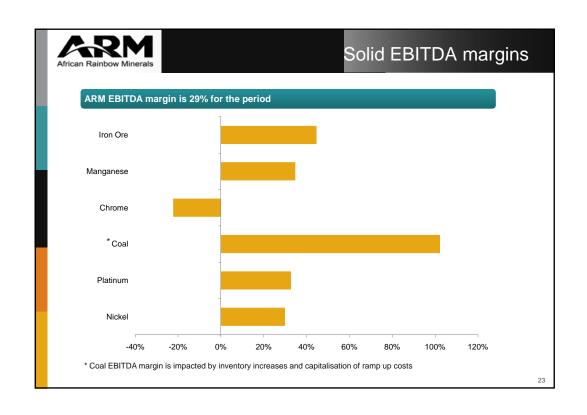


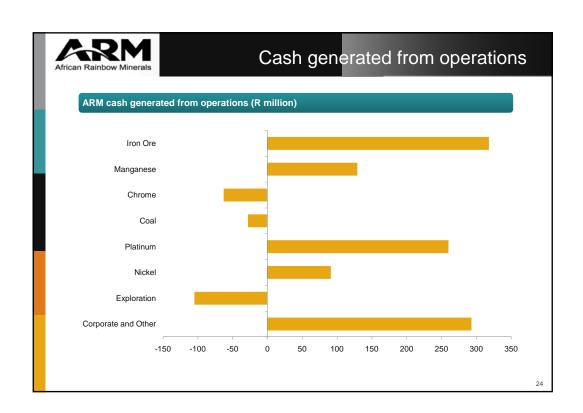


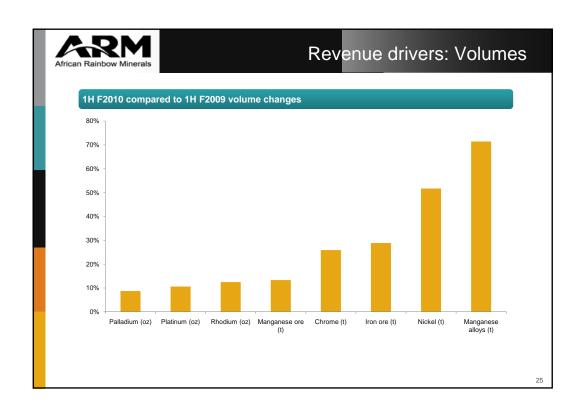


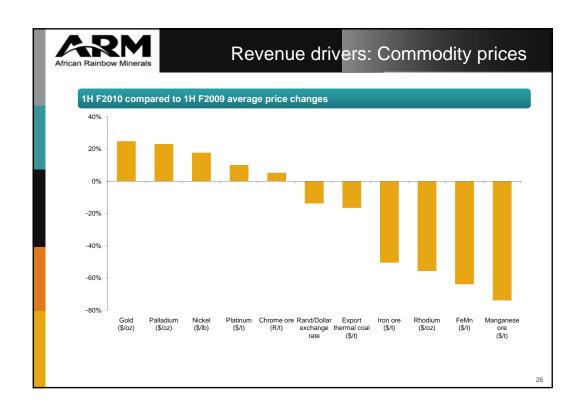




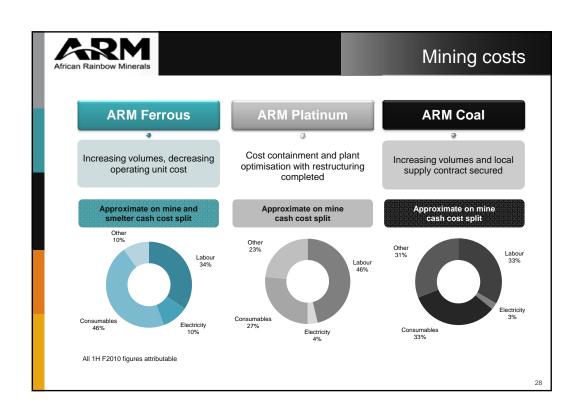


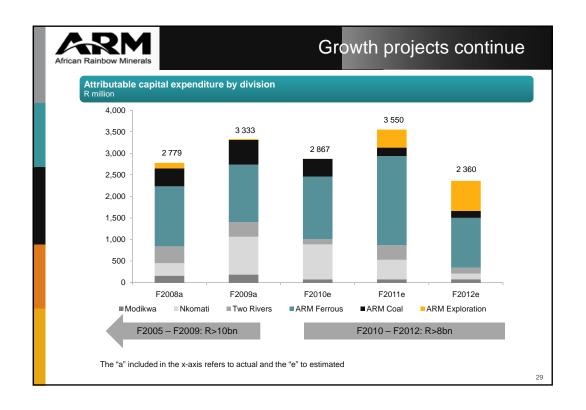






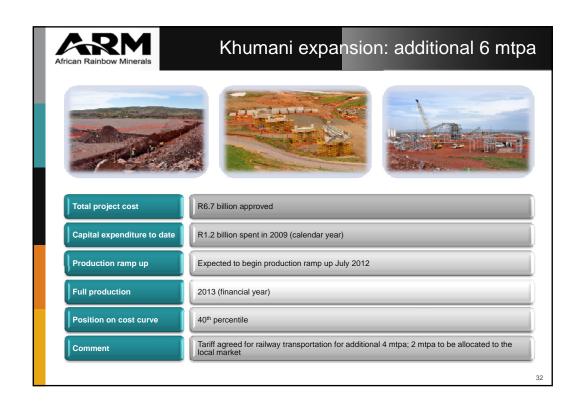
### Unit operating costs Cost containment continues to be a key focus for ARM % change 1H F2010 vs 1H F2010 1H F2009 EBITDA Commodity group Unit cost (metric) (decrease)/increase margin (%) R/tonne milled Nickel (27.9)29.9 Iron ore R/tonne (19.5) 44.6 R/PGMs Platinum (7.1)32.7 Coal R/tonne (on mine, saleable) 5.0 102\* Manganese alloys R/tonne 7.7 18.0 Charge chrome R/tonne 11.8 (22.3)Manganese ore R/tonne 25.9 34.7 \* Coal EBITDA margin impacted by inventory increases and capitalisation of ramp up costs 27

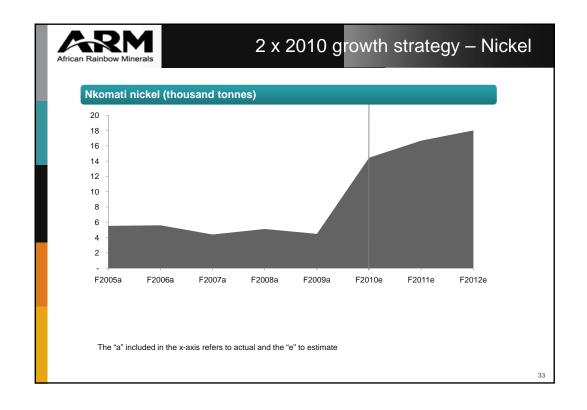




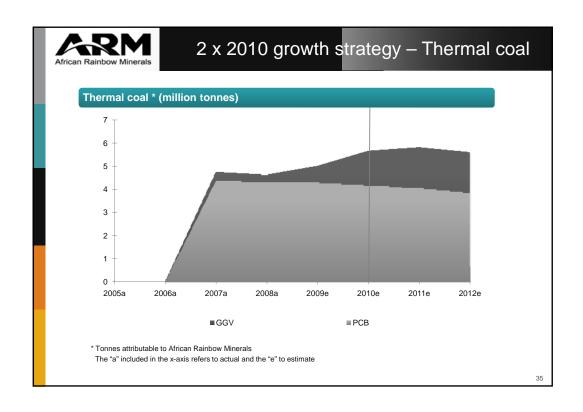


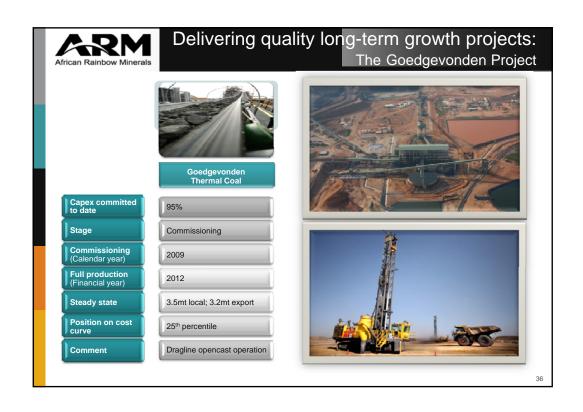




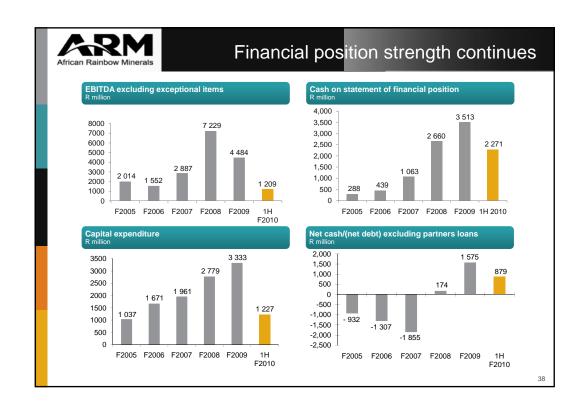


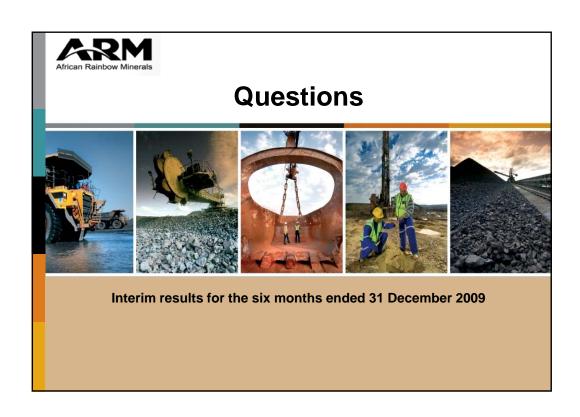


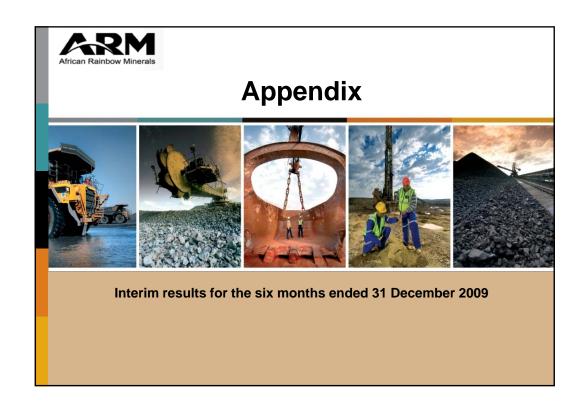




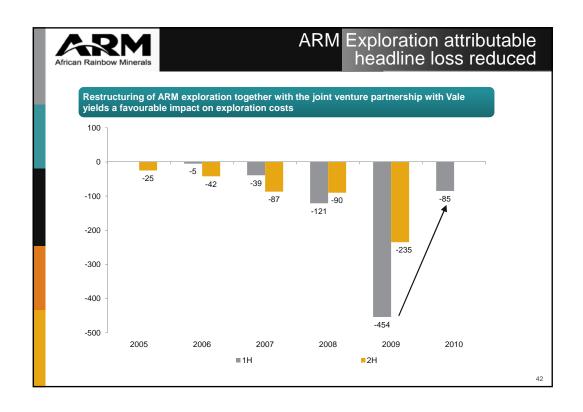
# Potential Future Projects • Konkola North Copper • Modikwa Platinum expansion • Smelter expansions • Thermal Coal • Kalplats Platinum

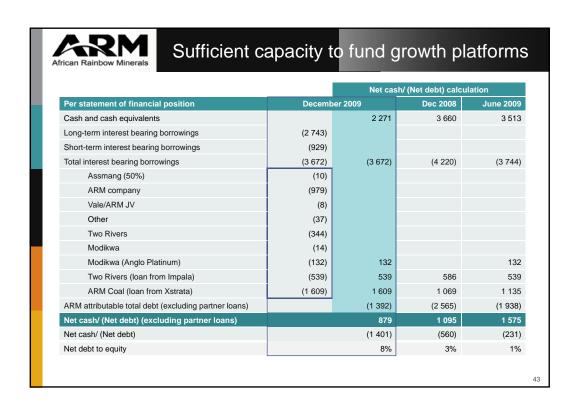




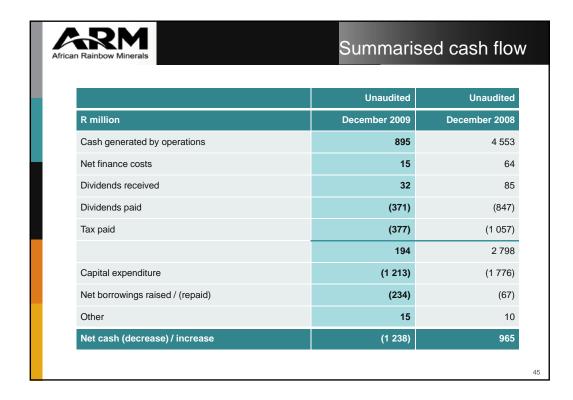


	Minerals	ANI	vi opei	rationa	ai Sui	HIIII
				1H F2010	1H F2009	% chan
ARM Platinum (100% basis)	Modikwa	PGMs in concentrate (6E)	Ounces	183 449	181 968	
		Cash cost	R/kg	133 551	145 748	
		Cash operating margin	%	29	(71)	
	Two Rivers	PGMs in concentrate	Ounces	150 721	121 6783	
		Cash cost	R/kg	131 146	139 771	
		Cash operating margin	%	37	(73)	
	Nkomati	Contained nickel	Tonnes	3 785	2 495	
		Chrome ore/ concentrate sold	000 tonnes	438	347	
		C1 cash cost net of by-products	\$/lb	2.91	0.27	>5
		Cash operating margin	%	40	18	1
ARM Ferrous (100% basis)	Iron ore	Sales tonnes	Mt	4 452	3 455	
		Change in costs compared to comparable period	%	(19.5)	9.9	
		EBITA margin	%	44.6	79.2	(4
	Manganese ore	Sales tonnes (excl intra-group sales)	Mt	1 463	1 291	
		Change in costs compared to comparable period	%	25.9	34.4	
		EBITA margin	%	34.7	87.5	(6
	Manganese alloy	Sales tonnes (excl intra-group sales)	kt	120	70	
		Change in costs compared to comparable period	%	7.7	56.2	
		EBITA margin	%	18.0	69.3	
	Charge chrome	Sales tonnes	kt	75	65	
		Change in costs compared to comparable period	%	11.8	41.3	
		EBITA margin	%	(22.3)	43.9	
ARM Coal (Attributable)	Thermal coal	Total sales	Mt	11.72	12.14	
		On mine saleable cost	R/tonne	200.27	184.26	
		Operating margin	%	34	47	





	6 montl	6 months ended 31 December			
	Unaudited	Unaudited			
R million	2009	2008	% chang		
Sales	4 202	6 416	(35		
Profit from operations (before exceptional items)	744	3 313	(78		
Income from investments	136	205	(34		
Finance costs	(93)	(224)	5		
Income from associate	15	180	(92		
Exceptional items	-	(33)			
Taxation	(276)	(1 375)	8		
Non-controlling interest	(74)	165			
Profit after tax and non-controlling interest	452	2 231	(80		
Headline earnings	454	2 232	(80		
Headline earnings cents per share	214	1 055	(80		
EBITDA	1 209	3 675	(67		

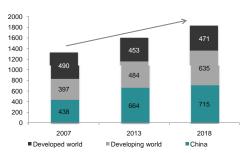


rican Rainbow Minerals	Ourimansca s	tatement of financial position		
		Unaudited	Unaudite	
R million		December 2009	December 200	
Non-current assets		19 001	18 65	
Property, plant, equipmen	t and other	12 697	10 96	
Investments		6 304	7 69	
Current assets		6 265	9 62	
Other	·	3 994	5 96	
Cash and equivalents		2 271	3 66	
Total assets		25 266	28 27	
Total Equity		16 745	17 02	
Non-current liabilities:	Long-term borrowings	2 743	1 22	
	Other	2 933	2 60	
Current liabilities:	Short-term borrowings	929	2 99	
	Other	1 916	4 43	
Total equity and liabilitie	ie.	25 266	28 2	



# Manganese and iron ore market outlook

- Both manganese and iron ore are used in the steelmaking process
- Manganese is used as an alloy agent and for its properties as a sulphide and deoxidant
- Average manganese consumption per tonne of steel is estimated at 10kg manganese alloy per 1mt of crude steel produced
- In 2009 South Africa, China, Australia and Gabon accounted for 69% of the world's manganese ore production
- Iron ore is used for its hardening qualities in steel production
- Although South Africa's share of the seaborne iron ore market is small relative to China, Australia and Brazil, South Africa benefits from good quality iron ore
- The world ex China uses c. 1.1 tonnes of iron ore per 1 tonne of steel produced
- China 's consumption of iron ore per tonne of steel, however, has increased since 2002. In 2009 it was estimated to be 32% higher than the rest of the world
- The outlook on steel is a positive growth trend driven mainly by China and the rest of the developing world
- This positive growth trend is expected to translate to increased demand in iron ore and manganese



Source: World steel; base steel demand scenario, CCM/Corporate Strategy demand model (November 2009)